Erratum

Erratum to “Inhibition of Endoplasmic Reticulum Stress is Involved in the Neuroprotective Effect of bFGF in the 6-OHDA-Induced Parkinson’s Disease Model”

Pingtao Cai1,#, Jingjing Ye1,#, Jingjing Zhu1, Dan Liu1, Daqing Chen2, Xiaojie Wei3, Noah R. Johnson4, Zhouguang Wang1, Hongyu Zhang1, Guodong Cao4, Jian Xiao1,*, Junming Ye5,*, Li Lin1,*

[Received July 22, 2022; Revised July 25, 2022; Accepted July 27, 2022]

We have noticed inadvertent errors in our article published in the August 2016 issue of Aging Dis (2016, 7(4):336-449). The images of Figure 3C have been presented incorrectly. We have attached corrected Figure 3. The errors do not change the scientific conclusions of the article. The authors would like to apologize for the errors and any inconvenience caused.

We have noticed inadvertent errors in our article published in the August 2016 issue of Aging Dis (2016, 7(4):336-449). The images of Figure 3C have been presented incorrectly. We have attached corrected Figure 3. The errors do not change the scientific conclusions of the article. The authors would like to apologize for the errors and any inconvenience caused.

Figure 3. Effects of bFGF on 6-OHDA-induced apoptosis in primary hippocampal neurons. (A) Primary hippocampal neurons were treated with different concentrations of 6-OHDA for 24 h, and then cell viability was assessed by MTT assay. (B) Primary hippocampal neurons were treated with 6-OHDA (150 μM) and different concentrations of bFGF for 24 h, and then cell viability was assessed by MTT assay. (C) Primary hippocampal neurons were treated with 6-OHDA (150 μM) and bFGF (20 ng/ml) for 24 h, and then cells were stained with annexin V-FITC/propidium iodide and detected by flow cytometry; the lower right panel indicates the apoptotic cells. (D) Levels of cell apoptosis. (E) Hoechst staining of primary hippocampal neurons. *P < 0.05 versus control group, **P < 0.01, ***P < 0.001, #P < 0.05 versus 6-OHDA group (n = 3).