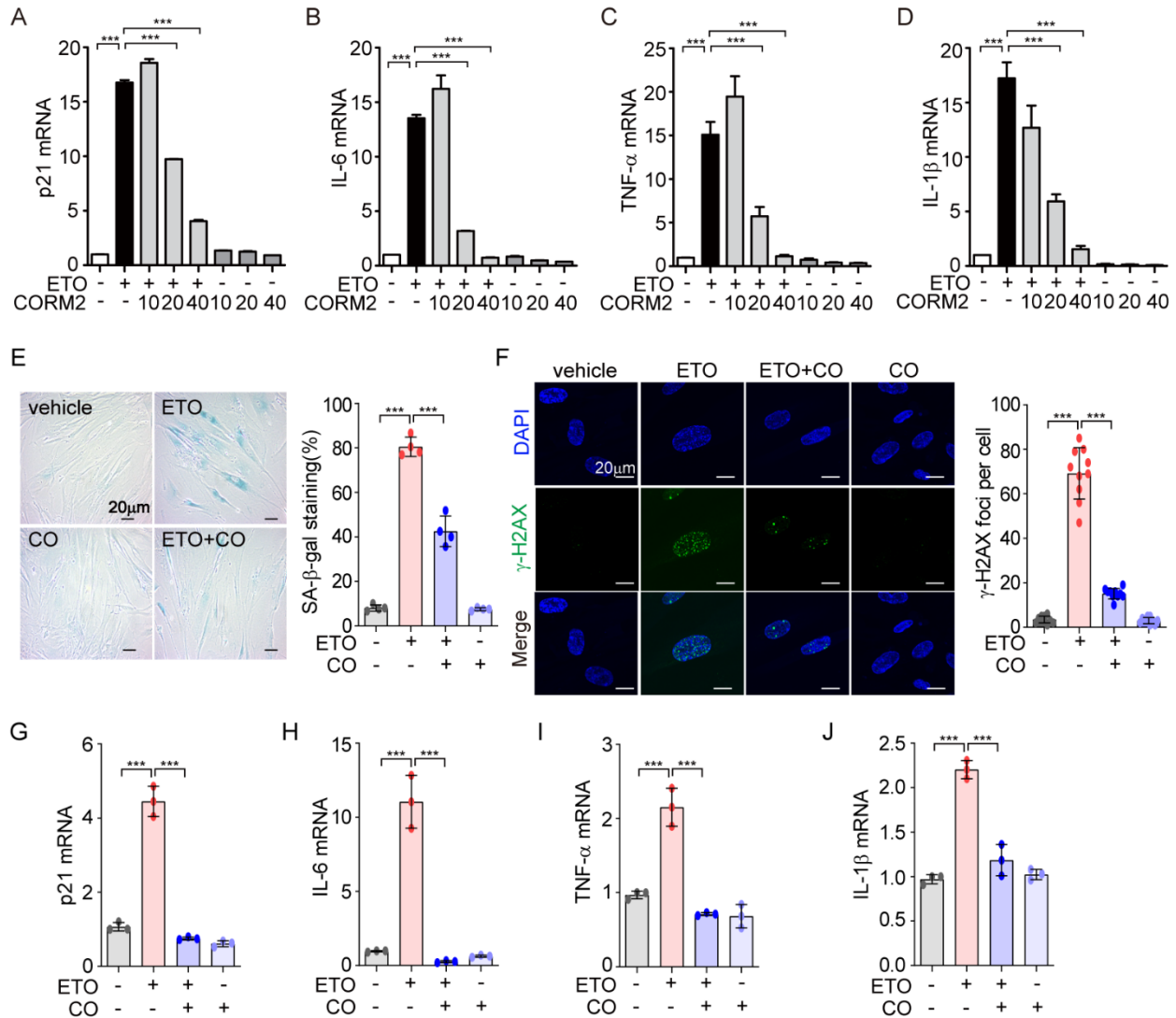


SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

CO-Induced TTP Activation Alleviates Cellular Senescence and Age-Dependent Hepatic Steatosis via Downregulation of *PAI-1*

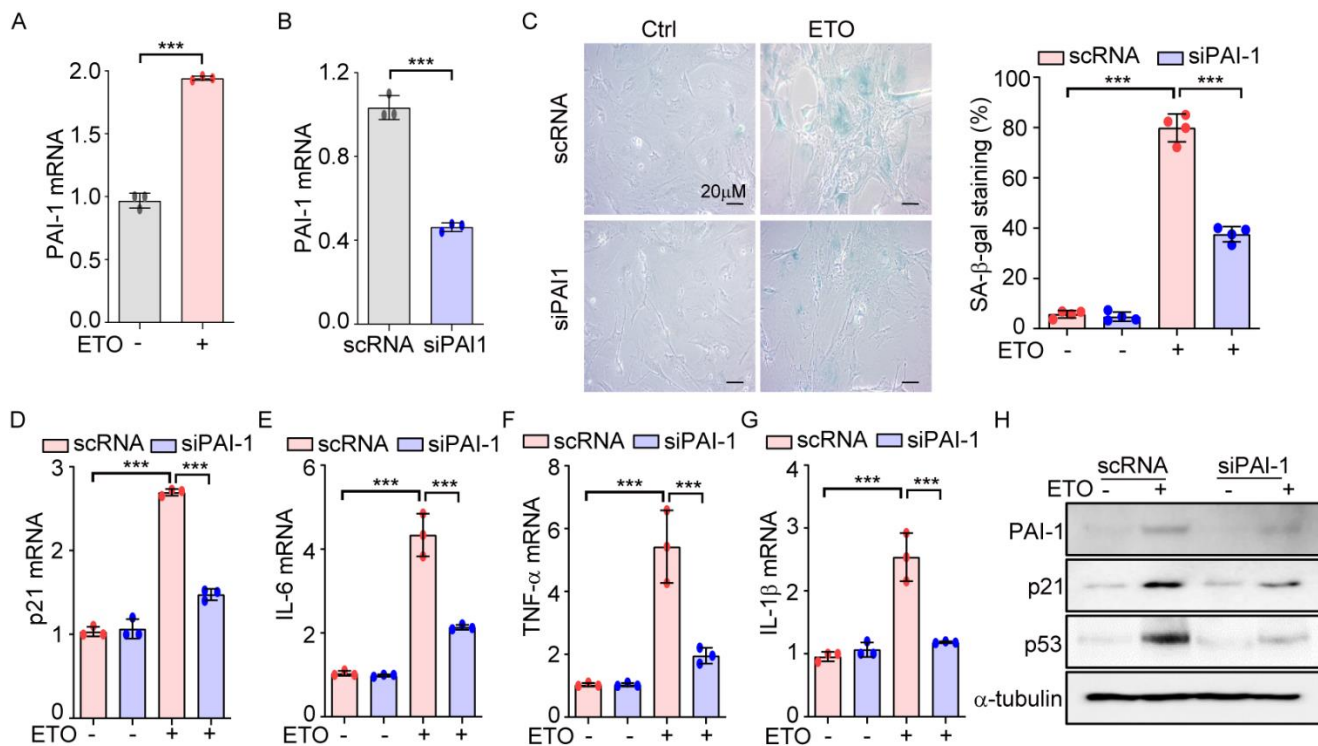
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SUPPLEMENTARY DATA



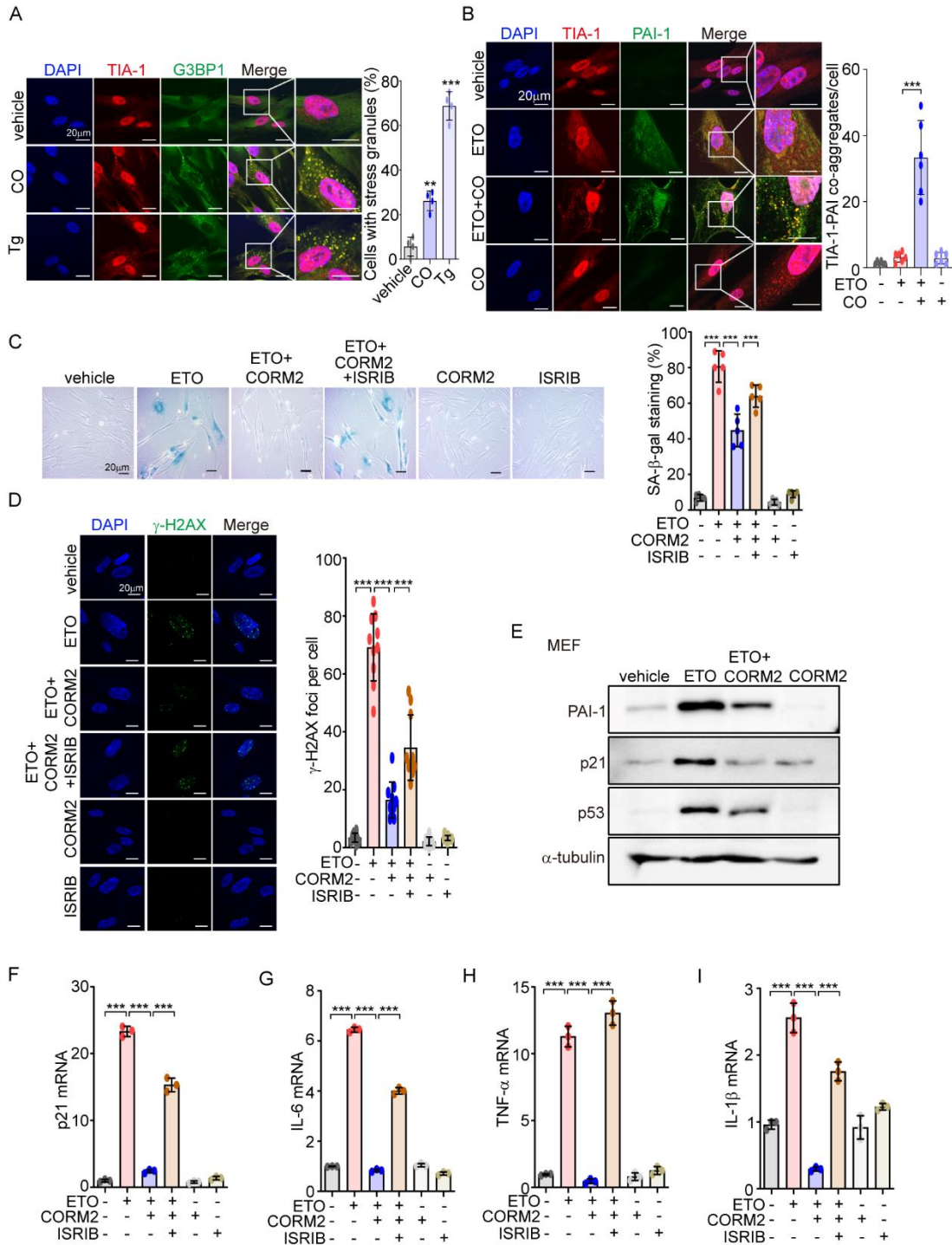
Supplementary Figure 1. CO inhibits ETO-induced cellular senescence in human and murine fibroblasts. (A-D) WI-38 cells were pre-treated with CORM2 at the indicated doses (0, 10, 20, and 40 μ M) for 6 h followed by the administration of ETO (80 μ M) for 24 h and cells were refed with fresh media. During the process of senescence, cells were administrated with CORM2 for 6 h every two days, after 7 days treatment, cells were harvested and the mRNA expression of (A) p21, (B) IL-6, (C) TNF- α , and (D) IL-1 β were analyzed by qRT-PCR. Data were analyzed using Kruskal-Wallis test followed by the Dunn post hoc test and expressed as means \pm SD; $n=3$ biological replicates; *** $p<0.001$. (E-J) WI-38 cells were pretreated with exogenous CO gas (250 ppm) for 2 h, followed by the administration of ETO (80 μ M) for 24 h and then cells were refed with fresh media. During the process of senescence, cells were post-treated with CO gas for 2 h every two days. After 7 days incubation, cells were performed with (E) SA- β -gal staining (mean \pm SD; $n=5$ biological replicates; *** $p<0.001$; Kruskal-Wallis test followed by the Dunn post hoc test) and (F) immunofluorescence for detecting γ -H2AX foci (mean \pm SD; $n=10$ biological replicates; *** $p<0.001$; one-way ANOVA followed by Tukey post hoc test). Mouse IgG1 was used as a negative control of anti- γ -H2AX antibody. The mRNA expression of (G) p21, (H) IL-6, (I) TNF- α , and (J) IL-1 β were measured by qRT-PCR (mean \pm SD; $n=3$ biological replicates; *** $p<0.001$; Kruskal-Wallis test followed by the Dunn post hoc test).

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Supplementary Figure 2. PAI-1 is involved in ETO-induced premature senescence in WI-38 and MEF cells (A) Primary MEFs were treated with ETO (2 μ M) for 4 days, and then cells were harvested, and the mRNA level of PAI-1 was measured by qRT-PCR (mean \pm SD; $n=3$ biological replicates; *** $p<0.001$; Mann-Whitney U test). (B-H) Primary MEFs were transfected with scramble siRNA (scRNA) and siRNA against PAI-1 (siPAI-1) for 36 h, and then (B) PAI-1 mRNA level was determined by qRT-PCR (mean \pm SD; $n=3$ biological replicates; *** $p<0.001$; Mann-Whitney U test). (C) Transfected cells were treated with etoposide (2 μ M). After 4 days incubation, cells were subjected to SA- β -gal staining. Scale bar: 20 μ m. Cells were analyzed to calculate the percentage of SA- β -gal positive cells (mean \pm SD; $n=4$ biological replicates; *** $p<0.001$; Kruskal-Wallis test followed by the Dunn post hoc test). The mRNA expression of (D) p21, (E) IL-6, (F) TNF- α , and (G) IL-1 β were measured by qRT-PCR (mean \pm SD; $n=3$ biological replicates; *** $p<0.001$; Kruskal-Wallis test followed by the Dunn post hoc test). (H) The protein expression of PAI-1, p21, and p53 were analyzed by immunoblotting.

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Supplementary Figure 3. CO-induced SGs participate in reducing ETO-induced senescence by sequestration of PAI-1 (A) WI-38 cells were treated with CO gas (250 ppm) for 6 h. 200 nM thapsigargin (Tg) was used as a positive control. An immunofluorescence assay was performed to detect the formation of SGs by visualizing the co-localization of TIA-1 (red) and G3BP1 (green). Scale bar: 20 μm (left). The percentage of cells containing SGs was analyzed and is shown in the right panel (mean ± SD; n=4 biological replicates; **p<0.01 and ***p<0.001; Kruskal-Wallis test followed by the Dunn post hoc test). **(B)** WI-38 cells were pretreated with CO gas (250 ppm) for 6 h followed by the administration of ETO (80 μM) for 24 h, and then cells were refed with fresh media. During the process of senescence, cells were post-treated with CO gas (250 ppm) for 6 h. After 7 days incubation, an immunofluorescence assay was performed to detect the TIA-1 (red) and PAI-1 (green) co-aggregates. Rabbit IgG and mouse IgG1 were used as a negative control of anti-TIA-1 antibody and anti-PAI-1 antibody, respectively. Scale bar: 20 μm (left). Quantification of co-localization of PAI-1 and TIA-1 is shown in the bar graphs to the right panel (mean ± SD; n=6 biological replicates; ***p<0.001; one-way ANOVA followed by Tukey

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post hoc test). **(C, D)** WI-38 cells were pretreated with CORM2 (40 μ M) and ISRIB (200 nM) for 6 h followed by the treatment of ETO (80 μ M) for 24 h, and then cells were refed with fresh media. During the process of senescence, cells were post-treated with CORM2 (40 μ M) and ISRIB (200 nM) for 6 h. **(C)** After 7 days incubation, cells were fixed and stained for SA- β -gal. Scale bar: 20 μ m (*left*). The percentage of SA- β -gal- positive cell was analyzed (*right*; mean \pm SD; $n=5$ biological replicates; *** $p<0.001$; Kruskal-Wallis test followed by the Dunn post hoc test). **(D)** Cells were analyzed by immunofluorescence for γ -H2AX nuclear foci. Mouse IgG1 was used as a negative control of anti- γ -H2AX antibody. Scale bar: 20 μ m (*left*). Quantification of γ -H2AX nuclear foci is shown in the bar graphs (*right*; mean \pm SD; $n=10$ biological replicates; *** $p<0.001$; one-way ANOVA followed by Tukey post hoc test). **(E)** Levels of protein expression of PAI-1, p21, and p53 were detected by immunoblotting in the indicated groups. **(F-I)** The levels of mRNA expression of **(F)** p21, **(G)** IL-6, **(H)** TNF- α , and **(I)** IL-1 β were detected by qRT-PCR in the indicated groups (mean \pm SD; $n=3$ biological replicates; *** $p<0.001$; Kruskal-Wallis test followed by the Dunn post hoc test).